D (Printed Pages 4)

(20116) Roll No.

B.C.A. - III Sem.

18012

B.C.A. Examination, Dec. 2015 Data Structure using C and C++ (BCA-302)

(New)

Time: Three Hours |

[Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt **all** the sections as per instructions.

Section - A

(Very Short Answer Questions)

Note: Attempt all **five** questions. Each question carries 3 marks. Answers should not exceed 75 words.

- 1. Write a short note on sparse Array.
- 2. Enlist various primitive operations of stack.

P.T.O.

- 3. How and why headers are important in Linked List?
- 4. What do you understand by Indexing in Binary Search Trees?
- Describe how hashing enhances the system performance.

Section - B

(Short Answer Questions)

- **Note:** 1. Attempt any **two** questions from 3 Questions.
 - 2. Each Question carries 7.5 marks each.
 - Answers should not exceed 200 words.
- Briefly describe the concept of Tridiagonal matrices with examples.
- Differentiate between D-queues and priority queues.
- 8. Write an algorithm to perform Merge Sort.

18012\2

https://www.ccsustudy.com

Section - C

- **Note :** 1. Attempt any **three** questions from **five** questions.
 - 2. Each question carries 15 marks.
 - 3. Answers should be in detail. $3 \times 15 = 45$
- 9. 'P' is a two dimensional Array with 5 rows and 5 columns i.e. P[1:5, 1:5]. Each element of array is stored in three memory locations. If P[1, 1] begins at address 800. Find the location of P[4, 3] when:
 - (i) Organization is row major.
 - (ii) Organization is column major.
- Define Stack. Write algorithms for PUSH and POP operations. Also implement stack by using arrays.
- Define overflow and underflow conditions of Linked list. Write an algorithm to insert a node into linked list at a specific location.

12. Define the following:

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- (i) Inverted Trees
- (ii) Post order traversal
- (iii) Binary Search Tree (BST)
- 13. Create a heap for the list of elements given below :

Index	Values
1	97
2	22
3	43
4	100
5	34
6	97
7	81
8	10
9	44
10	41

P.T.O.