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(20518)

Roll No.

BCA-II Sem.

18007

B. C. A. Examination, May 2018

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS AND COMPUTER

ORGANIZATION

(BCA-204)

(New)

Time: Three Hours]

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[Maximum Marks: 75]

Note: Attempt questions from all Sections as per instructions.

Section-A

(Very Short Answer Questions)

Attempt all the five questions. Each question carries 3 marks. Very Short answer is required not exceeding 75 words. $3 \times 5 = 15$

- What are universal gates? Explain how basic gates 1. can be realize using NAND and NOR gate.
- 2.

Design and draw the logic diagram of full adder.

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3. What is Read Only Memory? How PROM, EPROM. EEPROM differ from each other?

4. What is flip-flop? Explain T flip-flop.

5. Using K-map method simplify the following Boolean function:

 $F(ABCD) = \Sigma m(0, 2, 3, 6, 7) + \Sigma d(8, 10, 11, 15)$

Section-B

(Short Answer Questions)

Attempt any two questions out of the following three questions. Each question carries 71/2 marks. Short answer is required not exceeding 200 words. 7½×2=15

- What is race around condition? Construct master 6. slave flip-flop using SR flip-flop.
- 7. What is track and sector? How data are stored in hard disc, floppy disc and CD ROM? Explain.
- 8. Using eight 64×8 ROM chips with an enable input and decoder, construct a 512×8 ROM.

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Section-C

(Detailed Answer Questions)

Attempt any *three* questions out of the following five questions. Each question carries 15 marks. Answer is required in detail.

15×3=45

- 9. Design a synchronous sequential circuit with input A and B and output Y. Initially and at any time if both the inputs are 0, then the output Y is equal to 0. When A or B become 1, Y becomes 1 when other input also become 1, Y become 0. The output stay at 0 unit circuit goes back to initial state.
- 10. Discuss various semiconductor cells. Also discuss a RAM organization. If 16K×8 memory chips are used to construct 64K×16 memory:
 - (a) Find how many chips will be needed
 - (b) Draw block diagram showing connections of chips to address lines. https://www.ccsustudy.com
- Explain and compare sequential and combinational circuit. Using full adder, design a four bit adder and subtractor circuit.

 Explain how 3 to 8 decoder function can be obtained from a demultiplexer.

- 13. Simplify the following Boolean function: 3×5
 - (a) W'X(Z'+YZ)+X(W+Y'Z)
 - (b) X'Y + XY + XY'
 - (c) XY'Z + X'Y'Z + XYZ
 - (d) (X+Z')(Y+Z')
 - (c) (A+D)(C'+D)(A+B'+C).

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